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Oracle Certified Java Professional [1Z0-804]

(5 days)

Course overview

This course is aimed at Java developers who are preparing for the Oracle Certified Professional, Java SE 7 Programmer II [1Z0-804] examination. The course includes detailed coverage of all the topics in the exam, and includes comprehensive examples and exercises to assist your preparation for the exam as well as your general Java career.

What you'll learn

- Effective object-oriented development using Java
- Generics and collections
- Exceptions and assertions
- File handling and NIO2
- Database access
- Multithreading and concurrency
- Localization and resource bundles
- Java SE 7 language features

Prerequisites

Oracle Certified Java Associate (1Z0-803) or equivalent Java experience

Course details

- Java Class Design: Use access modifiers; private, protected, and public; Override methods; Overload constructors and methods; Use the instanceof operator and casting; Use virtual method invocation; Override the hashCode, equals, and toString methods from the Object class to improve the functionality of your class; Use package and import statements
- Advanced Class Design: Identify when and how to apply abstract classes; Construct abstract Java classes and subclasses; Use the static and final keywords; Create toplevel and nested classes; Use enumerated types
- Object Oriented Design Principles: Write code that declares, implements and/or extends interfaces; Choose between interface inheritance and class inheritance; Apply cohesion, low-coupling, IS-A, and HAS-A principles; Apply object composition principles (including has-a relationships); Design a class using a Singleton design pattern; Write code to implement the Data Access Object (DAO) pattern; Design and create objects using a factory pattern
- Generics and Collections: Create a generic class; Use the diamond for type inference; Analyze the interoperability of collections that use raw types and generic types; Use wrapper classes, autoboxing and unboxing; Create and use List, Set and Deque

- implementations; Create and use Map implementations; Use java.util.Comparator and java.lang.Comparable; Sort and search arrays and lists
- String Processing: Search, parse and build strings (including Scanner, StringTokenizer, StringBuilder, String and Formatter); Search, parse, and replace strings by using regular expressions, using expression patterns for matching limited to: . (dot), * (star), + (plus), ?, \d, \D, \s, \S, \w, \W, \b. \B, [], (); Format strings using the formatting parameters: %b, %c, %d, %f, and %s in format strings
- Exceptions and Assertions: Develop code that handles multiple Exception types in a single catch block; Develop code that uses try-with-resources statements (including using classes that implement the AutoCloseable interface); Create custom exceptions; Test invariants by using assertions
- Java IO Fundamentals: Read and write data from the console; Use streams to read from and write to files by using classes in the java.io package including BufferedReader, BufferedWriter, File, FileReader, FileWriter, DataInputStream, DataOutputStream, ObjectOutputStream, ObjectInputStream, and PrintWriter
- Java File I/O (NIO.2): Operate on file and directory paths with the Path class; Check, delete, copy, or move a file or directory with the Files class; Read and change file and directory attributes, focusing on the BasicFileAttributes, DosFileAttributes, and PosixFileAttributes interfaces; Recursively access a directory tree using the DirectoryStream and FileVisitor interfaces; Find a file with the PathMatcher interface; Watch a directory for changes with the WatchService interface
- Building Database Applications with JDBC: Describe the interfaces that make up the
 core of the JDBC API (including the Driver, Connection, Statement, and ResultSet
 interfaces and their relationship to provider implementations); Identify the components
 required to connect to a database using the DriverManager class (including the jdbc
 URL); Submit queries and read results from the database (including creating
 statements, returning result sets, iterating through the results, and properly closing
 result sets, statements, and connections); Use JDBC transactions (including disabling
 auto-commit mode, committing and rolling back transactions, and setting and rolling
 back to savepoints); Construct and use RowSet objects using the RowSetProvider class
 and the RowSetFactory interface; Create and use PreparedStatement and
 CallableStatement objects
- Threads: Create and use the Thread class and the Runnable interface; Manage and control thread lifecycle; Synchronize thread access to shared data; Identify code that may not execute correctly in a multi-threaded environment
- Concurrency: Use collections from the java.util.concurrent package with a focus on the
 advantages over and differences from the traditional java.util collections; Use Lock,
 ReadWriteLock, and ReentrantLock classes in the java.util.concurrent.locks package to
 support lock-free thread-safe programming on single variables; Use Executor,
 ExecutorService, Executors, Callable, and Future to execute tasks using thread pools;
 Use the parallel Fork/Join Framework
- Localization: Read and set the locale by using the Locale object; Build a resource bundle for each locale; Call a resource bundle from an application; Format dates, numbers, and currency values for localization with the NumberFormat and DateFormat classes (including number format patterns); Describe the advantages of localizing an application; Define a locale using language and country codes